### <u>History KS3 Curriculum Mapping and Skills Criteria 2024-2025 – Year 7</u>

Curriculum Intent (Focus / Skills): History gives pupils the opportunity to understand who they are, where they came from and where their place is in History. It will enable pupils to make sense of the world around them, and place their British identity in a local and wider national and global context. Pupils will study important people, places and events in the Middle Ages and be able to make contemporary comparisons with aspects of the Byzantine Empire, Mongol China and Mughal India. In doing so, diversity, tolerance and respect will be a strong feature of their learning. Pupils will develop their knowledge and understanding of second order concepts – causation, change and continuity, consequence, similarity and difference and historical significance. We actively aim to develop a sense of curiosity and a high level of literacy through a culture of reading for pleasure. To reflect the diversity of our black British pupils, African Kingdoms will be taught as a discrete unit of work.

Homework is set every two weeks with the teacher marking one piece of work in green pen every six weeks. The teacher may resort to using model answers, verbal feedback and/or a whole class marking template to develop self and peer assessment in the other two pieces of work. Pupils, however, complete D.I.R.T in purple pen for all pieces of homework. Live marking may also be used as a strategy during lessons to assess pupil's knowledge and understanding. There will be one written assessment every term.

YEAR 7	Autumn 1 – 6 weeks	Autumn 2 – 7 weeks	Spring 1 – 6 weeks	Spring 2 – 6 weeks	Summer 1 – 5 weeks	Summer 2 – 7 weeks
Curriculum	Medieval Realms	L8: The Feudal System and	Medieval Realms	Medieval Realms	African Kingdoms	African Kingdoms
	THE NORMAN CONOLIEST	Domesday Book	LIFE IN THE MIDDLE	ENGLAND AND ITS	<u></u>	
Implementation	L1: What was England like	Bomesaay Book	AGES	NEIGBOURS	L1-3: The Kingdom of Mali	L7-9: Benin
(Learning)	before the Normans?	L9-10: The development of	L1: Town and Country	L1: Wales, Scotland and	LI 3. THE KINGUOTH OF WAIT	L7 3. Bellill
	before the Normans:	castles	Li. Town and Country	Ireland	L4-6: The Songhay Empire	
	12. Who should be King?	Castles	L2: What was life like in	licianu	L4-0. The Solighay Empire	
	L2: Who should be King?	CHURCH AND STATE		12.5		
		CHURCH AND STATE	the Middle Ages?	L2: France and Joan of		
	L3: The Battle of Stamford	L11: How important was the		Arc		
	Bridge	Church in the Middle Ages?	HEALTH AND MEDICINE			
			L3: Medieval Medicine	L3: War of the Roses		
	L4-5: The Battle of Hastings	L12: Thomas Becket				
			L4-5: The causes and	MEDIEVAL REALMS		
	L6: Assessment: Why did	L13: King John	Consequences of the	AROUND THE WORLD		
	William win the Battle of		Black Death	L4: The Byzantium Empire		
	Hastings?	HWK 2: How and why did				
		castles develop over time?	HWK 3: Create your own	L5: Mongol China		
	L7: How did William solves his	·	concoction			
	problems?			L6: Mughal India		
	p. 22.2		L6: The Peasants Revolt			
	HWK 1: Who should be King?		25e . edsants nevolt			

Curriculum	Similarity and difference /	Similarity and difference /	Cause / Consequence /	Similarity and difference /	Cause / Change and	Cause / Change and
Intent	Cause / Consequence /	Cause / Change and continuity	Change and continuity /	Cause / Consequence /	continuity / Sources and	continuity / Similarity
	Change and continuity /	/ Sources and evidence.	Similarity and difference /	Change and continuity /	evidence / Historical	and difference /
(Focus / Skills)	Sources and evidence /		Historical significance /	Historical significance /	significance.	Sources and evidence /
	Historical Interpretations.		Sources and evidence /	Sources and evidence.		Historical
			Historical interpretations.			Interpretations.
Curriculum	• HWK 1 – Green pen	HWK 2 – Green pen	HWK 3 – Green pen	HWK 4 – Green pen	• <u>HWK 5</u>	• <u>HWK 6</u>
Impact	Letter/report: Who	'How and why did castles	Create your own	Travellers Guide to	Tbc	Tbc
(Assessment)	should be King after	develop over time?'	medieval concoction	Medieval realms		
(Assessment)	Edward the Confessor?		(medicine) – recipe,			Assessment 3
			rationale and	Assessment 2		Tbc
	• Assessment 1		physical concoction.	1 hour exam		
	Timed Essay –' Why did					
	William win the Battle of					
	Hastings?					
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#### **Textbooks**

Key Stage 3 History by Aaron Wilkes: Invasion, Plague and Murder: Britain 1066-1558 Student Book (KS3 History by Aaron Wilkes Fourth Edition)

Plus miscellaneous KS3 books

# History KS3 Curriculum Mapping and Skills Criteria 2024-2025 - Year 8

Curriculum Intent (Focus / Skills): The Year 8 History curriculum empowers learners to become more independent and motivated learners. They will develop their own opinions based on a respect for evidence, and to build a deeper understanding of the present by engaging with and questioning the past. The Year 8 History course has been designed with a focus on historical enquiry, access to a wider range of written and visual sources and interpretations, and a greater understanding of Britain's historical cultural diversity. A study of 'The British Empire' will therefore focus more on the agency of the oppressed and resistance towards British colonialism, as well as evaluating the impact of Empire on Britain and its colonies. The study of 'Black Lives in Britain' will enable pupils to repopulate the history of the country with the contribution that black peoples made to the political, economic, social and cultural development of Britain. The Year 8 curriculum will then finish with a study of the First and Second World Wars, which did so much to shape and re-shape the 20<sup>th</sup> century and beyond.

Homework is set every two weeks with the teacher marking one piece of work in green pen every six weeks. The teacher may resort to using model answers, verbal feedback and/or a whole class marking template to develop self and peer assessment in the other two pieces of work. Pupils, however, complete D.I.R.T in purple pen for all pieces of homework. Live marking may also be used as a strategy during lessons to assess pupil's knowledge and understanding. There will be one written assessment every term.

YEAR 8	Autumn 1 – 6 weeks	Autumn 2 – 7 weeks	Spring 1 – 6 weeks	Spring 2 – 6 weeks	Summer 1 –5 weeks	Summer 2 – 7 weeks
Curriculum	THE BRITISH EMPIRE	THE BRITISH EMPIRE	BLACK LIVES IN BRITAIN,	BLACK LIVES IN BRITAIN,	THE FIRST WORLD WAR	THE SECOND WORLD
Implementation	Section 1: The Early	Section 2: The Empire	1500-PRESENT	1500-PRESENT	L1-2: Why did war break	<u>WAR</u>
•	Empire	the 19 <sup>th</sup> Century	L1: Black lives in Tudor	L1-2: Black lives in WWII	out in August 1914?	L1: Why did war break
(Learning)	L1: 1.1 Ireland and 1.2	L1: 2.6 New Zealand and	London			out in September 1939?
	America	2.7 Africa		L3: Windrush	L3-4: What was life like	
			L2: Black Georgians in		in the trenches?	L2: Dunkirk
	L2: 1.3 America and 1.4	Section 3: The Empire in	18 <sup>th</sup> century England	L4-5: Bristol's black		
	The Caribbean	the 20 <sup>th</sup> Century		community	L5-6: How and why did	L3: The Blitz and
			L3: Black radicals in the		the war come to an end	Evacuation
	L3: 1.5 India and 1.6	L2: 3.1 Ireland and 3.2	19 <sup>th</sup> century	L6: Brixton, the 'capital	in 1918?	
	America	Empire and WWI		of Black Britain', 1948-90		L4: The Battle of Britain
			L4-5: Black people in			
	Section 2: The Empire in	L3: 3.3 Iraq and 3.5	industrial Liverpool,			L5: Operation Barbarossa
	the 19 <sup>th</sup> Century	Palestine	1860-1950			
	L4: 1.7 Britain and 2.1					L6: D-Day
	The Caribbean	L4: 3.4 Palestine and 3.5	L6: Black communities in			
		India	Tiger Bay, Cardiff, 1890-			
	L5: 2.2 and 2.3 India		1960			
	L6: 2.4 China and 2.5	L5: 3.6 Empire and WWII				
	Australia	and 3.7 India Partition				

		L6: 3.8 Decolonisation				
		and 3.9 Consequences of				
		the British Empire.				
Curriculum Intent	Cause / Consequence /	Cause / Change and	Cause / Historical	Cause / Consequence /	Cause / Consequence /	Cause / Consequence /
curriculum intent	1	, ,	· ·		· ·	· ·
(Focus / Skills)	Change and continuity /	continuity / Historical	significance / Sources	Change and continuity /	Historical significance /	Similarity and difference
, ,	Similarity and difference	significance / Sources	and evidence / Historical	Similarity and difference	Sources and evidence.	/ Historical significance /
	Sources and evidence.	and evidence.	interpretations.	/ Historical		Historical
				interpretations.		interpretations.
Curriculum Impact	HWK 1 – Green pen	HWK 2- Green pen	HWK 1 – Green pen	HWK 2 – Green pen	HWK 1 – Green pen	HWK 2 – Green pen
(Assessment)	Tbc	Essay: 'How and why did	Tbc	Tbc	Tbc	Tbc
(Assessificity)		the British Empire				
	Assessment 1	change from the 19th to		Assessment 2		Assessment 3
	Essay: How did the Early	20th century?'		Tbc		Tbc
	British Empire face					
	resistance (e.g. Ireland,					
	North America, India,					
	China)?					

## **Textbooks**

A new focus on... The British Empire c1500–present - Hodder

Key Stage 3 History by Aaron Wilkes: Revolution, Industry and Empire 1558-1901 Student Book (KS3 History by Aaron Wilkes Third Edition)

A new focus on...Black Lives in Britain, c.1500–present for KS3 Histor

## History KS3 Curriculum Mapping and Skills Criteria 2022-2023 - Year 9

Curriculum Intent (Focus / Skills): Our Year 9 History curriculum will help students gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain's past and that of the wider world. Students will understand the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity. Our first synoptic study of 'Migration' over 1000 years aims to look at the roots of multicultural Britain, and how immigration to/from the country has helped the Britain of today. Teaching should equip students to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop different perspectives and judgements – skills that are important for GCSE in Year 10. Student's will also study 'The Holocaust' and learn about the Jewish diaspora as a transition to their understanding of the Arab-Israeli Conflict, a topical, contemporary study of an aspect of the wider world, dealing with issues of religious and cultural division.

Homework is set every two weeks with the teacher marking one piece of work in green pen every six weeks. The teacher may resort to using model answers, verbal feedback and/or a whole class marking template to develop self and peer assessment in the other two pieces of work. Pupils, however, complete D.I.R.T in purple pen for all pieces of homework. Live marking may also be used as a strategy during lessons to assess pupil's knowledge and understanding. There will be one written assessment every term.

YEAR 9	Autumn 1 – 6 weeks	Autumn 2 – 7 weeks	Spring 1 – 6 weeks	Spring 2 – 6 weeks	Summer 1 – 5 weeks	Summer 2 – 7 weeks
Curriculum	Migration c.790 to the	Migration c.790 to the	UNDERSTANDING THE	CONFLICT IN THE	CONFLICT IN THE	CONFLICT IN THE
Implementation	present day	present day	<u>HOLOCAUST</u>	MIDDLE EAST: ISRAEL	MIDDLE EAST: ISRAEL	MIDDLE EAST: ISRAEL
(Learning)			L1: Jewish Life in Europe	AND THE ARABS	AND THE ARABS	AND THE ARABS
(Learning)	L1: The Viking Invasions	L1: The first refugees:	before WWII	L1: The Jewish and Arab	L1: The Six Day War,	L1: The Palestinian
		the Huguenots		claim to Palestine	1956	Intifada, 1987-93
	L2: A Norman Kingdom		L2-3: Jewish persecution			
		L2: The Ulster	in Germany, 1933-39	L2: British Rule in	L2: The Yom Kippur War,	L2: Peace-making in the
	L3: Henry II and the	Plantations and the		Palestine, 1919-1939	1973	1990s
	Angevin Empire	Highland Clearances	L4-6: Europe's Jews in			
			WWII	L3: Terrorism and the	L3: Palestinian Refugees	L3: The Second Intifada
	L4: The Hundred Years	L3: Indian Colonisation		End of British Rule	and the PLO	
	War					
		L4: Irish and Jewish		L4: Partition and the	L4: War in Lebanon	
	L5: Sugar and the	migration in the 19 <sup>th</sup>		Birth of Israel (War of		
	Caribbean	century		1948)	L5: Peace-making at the	
					UN and Camp David	
	L6: North American	L5: Scramble for Africa		L5: The Suez War, 1956		
	Colonies	and Boer War				
		L6: Migration after WWII				
		and Windrush				

		L7: Assessment				
Curriculum Intent	Consequence / Change	Cause / Consequence /	Cause / Consequence /	Cause / Consequence /	Cause / Consequence /	Change and similarity /
(Focus / Skills)	and Continuity /	Similarity and difference	Change and continuity /	Change and continuity /	Similarity and difference	Similarity and difference
(1 ocus / Skills)	Similarity and difference	/ Sources and evidence /	Similarity and difference	Historical significance /	/ Historical significance /	/ Sources and evidence /
	/ Historical significance /	Historical	/ Historical significance /	Historical	Historical	Historical
	Sources and evidence.	Interpretations.	Sources and evidence.	interpretations.	interpretations.	interpretations.
Curriculum Impact	HWK 1 – Green pen	HWK 2 – Green pen	HWK 1 – Green pen	HWK 2 – Green pen	HWK 1 – Green pen	HWK 2 – Green pen
(Assessment)	Tbc	Tbc	Tbc	Tbc	Tbc	Tbc
		Assessment 1		Assessment 2		Assessment 3
		Synoptic essay: 'Why was		Tbc		Tbc
		there migration to and				
		from Britain c.790-				
		1800?'				
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#### **Textbooks:**

Migration Nation Student Book Second Edition (KS3 History Depth Study)

Hodder Education, The Conflict in the Middle East

Understanding the Holocaust: How and why did it happen?